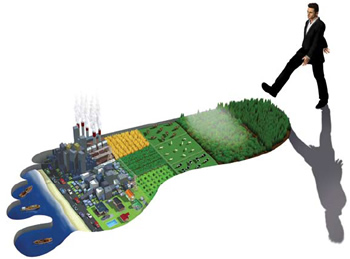
**Ecological Footprint Comparisons**



Use the following information to list the countries with the 10 largest and 10 smallest ecological footprints: <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_by_ecological_footprint> . Don’t forget to write in the unit.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Rank** | **Largest Ecological Footprint** | **Smallest Ecological Footprint** |
| **1** |  |  |
| **2** |  |  |
| **3** |  |  |
| **4** |  |  |
| **5** |  |  |
| **6** |  |  |
| **7** |  |  |
| **8** |  |  |
| **9** |  |  |
| **10** |  |  |

|  |
| --- |
| **World Map of Countries by Ecological Footprint** |
|  |
| Use the map at <http://data.footprintnetwork.org/#/> to describe the global pattern of ecological footprints |
|  |
| In your own words account for the distribution of ecological footprints shown in the map |
|  |
| Do you think the ecological footprint is a useful technique to measure the relationship between population and resource consumption? Justify your response. |
|  |
| What does ecological deficit/ reserve mean? |
|  |
| Describe the global pattern in ecological deficit/ reserve. This can also be found at <http://data.footprintnetwork.org/#/> |
|  |
| Using examples of specific countries explain the implications of ecological deficits/ reserves. |
|  |